

学术报告

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MATHEMATICS

On Thurston's "geometric ideal triangulation" conjecture

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邀请人： 郦言

摘要： Gluing ideal tetrahedra plays a crucial role in the construction of hyperbolic 3-manifolds. On the contrary, it is still not known that whether a hyperbolic 3-manifold admits a geometric ideal triangulation. One of the greatest achievement in three dimensional topology is the famous Hyperbolic Dehn filling Theorem. It was proved by Thurston at the end of the 1970s under the assumption that all cusped hyperbolic 3-manifolds admits a geometric triangulation. In this talk, we will show our program to hyperbolize and further obtain geometric triangulations of 3-manifolds. To be precise, we will show the connections between 3D-combinatorial Ricci flows and Thurston's geometric triangulations, that is, for a particular triangulation, the flow converges if and only if the triangulation is geometric. We will also give some topological conditions to guarantee the convergence of the combinatorial Ricci flows and furthermore the existence of geometric ideal triangulations. As far as we know, this is the first existence results for the geometric triangulations on a large class of 3-manifolds.

个人简介： 葛化彬，中国人民大学数学学院教授、博导；研究领域为几何拓扑。在三维流形的几何结构，特别是Thurston几何剖分猜想研究中取得突破进展。曾获国家自然科学基金委面上项目、优秀青年基金项目资助。

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